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# P E N S I O N COMMUNICATOR

Graphic Communications Conference of the International Brotherhood of  
Teamsters National Pension Fund ("GCC/IBT-NPF")



Formerly the Graphic Communications International Union Supplemental Retirement and Disability Fund

## Details relating to new law still uncertain

## **GCC/IBT National Pension Fund to apply for Special Financial Assistance under the provisions of the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021**

**A**fter years of efforts by the multiemployer pension benefit community, President Biden has signed monumental legislation which calls for **Special Financial Assistance ("SFA")** to be granted to the **GCC/IBT National Pension Fund ("NPF")** and other multiemployer pension funds facing insolvency.

The \$1.9 trillion **American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 ("ARPA")**, that was signed into law on March 11, 2021, contains the **Emergency Pension Plan Relief Act ("EPPRA")** which is intended to fund the pension benefits of millions of American workers that would otherwise be reduced.

The NPF has participated in the efforts of the multiemployer pension benefit community in achieving this momentous accomplishment. While the new law is generally viewed as a very positive development for the participants of the NPF and other multiemployer pension plans, questions and concerns remain as to its actual implementation.

Under the law, the **Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation ("PBGC")** was tasked with issuing regulatory guidance after enactment. On July 9, 2021, the PBGC issued an "Interim final rule" ("PBGC rules") addressing how the "SFA" could be applied for, calculated and distributed. The PBGC rules are complex and will require significant review by the NPF's Trustees, professional advisors and staff. That review began the day the interim rules were issued.

*(Continued on page 2)*



## **ANNUAL UPDATE**

This issue of the **Pension Communicator** includes the official distribution of the Graphic Communications Conference of the International Brotherhood of Teamsters National Pension Fund's **Annual Funding Notice ("AFN")** for the Plan Year beginning May 1, 2020 and ending April 30, 2021 (page 3); and **Critical and Declining Status Notification ("CDSN")** for the Plan Year beginning May 1, 2021 (page 7). The AFN is intended to provide you with a representation of how the NPF is doing from year to year. The CDSN summarizes the most recent annual Actuarial Certification sent to the Internal Revenue Service.

On July 29, 2021, the NPF's Actuary filed its annual Actuarial Status Certification with the Internal Revenue Service, and in the Certification, the Actuary states that as of May 1, 2021, the Fund remains in Critical and Declining Status. The Actuary further advised that the Fund continues to make progress under its Rehabilitation Plan. Nevertheless, the Fund continues to operate in a "forewarned insolvency" mode. The Fund Actuary further advised that the Fund is projected to become insolvent at the beginning of the Plan Year on May 1, 2022.

## Pension Plan Funding Relief under ARPA 2021 *(from front page)*

It is important to note that federal laws require governmental entities like the PBGC to establish a “Comment Period” to allow anyone to submit comments, questions and or requests to the governmental entity issuing regulatory rules. Comments can support, oppose, seek clarification and/or ask for modification to the rules that have been published by the regulatory entity, in this case the PBGC. The NPF and other multiemployer pension plans have filed comments with the PBGC requesting clarification and changes to the rules.

More specifically, the NPF has requested the PBGC to reevaluate some of the rules that minimize the impact of the financial assistance to be provided under the legislation. The NPF is also asking the PBGC to reconsider the prioritization rules it created to allow pension plans like the NPF, that face insolvency within the next year, to file their applications in advance of the current January 1, 2022 start date imposed by the PBGC. The PBGC rules established a hierarchy of prioritization for SFA application filing as follows:

Priority Group*	Description of Priority Group	Date Plans May Apply for SFA
1	Plans already insolvent or projected to become insolvent before March 11, 2022	Beginning July 9, 2021
2	Plans that implemented a benefit suspension under ERISA § 305(e)(9) as of March 11, 2021 Plans expected to be insolvent within 1 year of the date an application for SFA is filed	Beginning January 1, 2022

\* Four other Priority Groups exist that do not apply to the NPF

As of now under the interim PBGC Rules, the NPF cannot file its application until January 1, 2022. This puts in question whether the NPF will receive its Special Financial Assistance prior to its projected insolvency date of May 1, 2022. The NPF is already working with the PBGC on avoiding this outcome and has addressed a number of potential ways to ensure that the NPF receives its SFA prior to becoming insolvent. Nevertheless, the possibility remains that the NPF will become insolvent prior to receiving its SFA. We are also preparing for that possibility, which may involve the temporary reduction of benefits until the SFA is received. The NPF will keep you apprised of any developments with respect to its receipt of the SFA from the PBGC.

Additionally, the NPF addressed several matters in its Comment to the PBGC to ensure that the NPF is able to provide full benefits to participants and beneficiaries as long as possible. Other multiemployer plans have similarly addressed these issues in their comments. The PBGC has indicated some willingness to be flexible in order to ensure that the Special Financial Assistance received by multiemployer plans will fulfill Congressional intent to fully fund benefits through 2051. How much flexibility the PBGC will allow is yet to be seen, and we may not have the final regulations until 2022.

Because of these current uncertainties, we are not able at this time to inform you of exactly how the Special Financial Assistance will unfold, but we will continue to work towards as seamless a process as possible under the circumstances.

Rest assured that the Trustees, professional advisors and staff of the Graphic Communications Conference of the International Brotherhood of Teamsters National Pension Fund will be monitoring this situation very closely. We also will continue to keep you informed by providing additional information and updates on the NPF’s website at [www.gccibt-npf.org](http://www.gccibt-npf.org) as soon as any additional information becomes available.

Respectfully,

*Board of Trustees*

**For the latest information regarding pension plan funding under ARPA,  
visit the Fund’s website at [www.gccibt-npf.org](http://www.gccibt-npf.org)**

## ANNUAL FUNDING NOTICE FOR GRAPHIC COMMUNICATIONS CONFERENCE OF THE INTERNATIONAL BROTHERHOOD OF TEAMSTERS NATIONAL PENSION FUND (GCC/IBT-NPF)

### Introduction

This notice includes important information about the funding status of your multiemployer pension plan (the “Plan”). It also includes general information about the benefit payments guaranteed by the Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation (“PBGC”), a federal insurance agency. All traditional pension plans (called “defined benefit pension plans”) must provide this notice every year regardless of their funding status. This notice does not mean that the Plan is terminating. It is provided for informational purposes and you are not required to respond in any way. This notice is required by federal law. This notice is for the plan year beginning May 1, 2020 and ending April 30, 2021 (“Plan Year”).

### How Well Funded Is Your Plan

The law requires the administrator of the Plan to tell you how well the Plan is funded, using a measure called the “funded percentage.” The Plan divides its assets by its liabilities on the Valuation Date for the plan year to get this percentage. In general, the higher the percentage, the better funded the plan. The Plan’s funded percentage for the Plan Year and each of the two preceding Plan Years is shown in the chart below. The chart also states the value of the Plan’s assets and liabilities for the same period.

<i>Plan Year</i>	<i>May 1, 2020 - April 30, 2021</i>	<i>May 1, 2019 - April 30, 2020</i>	<i>May 1, 2018 - April 30, 2019</i>
Valuation Date	05/01/2020	05/01/2019	05/01/2018
Funded Percentage	12.0%	26.2%	31.5%
Value of Assets	\$258,641,560	\$344,938,973	\$420,794,731
Value of Liabilities	\$2,159,943,264	\$1,317,433,726	\$1,334,401,211

### Year-End Fair Market Value of Assets

The asset values in the chart above are measured as of the Valuation Date. They also are “actuarial values.” Actuarial values differ from market values in that they do not fluctuate daily based on changes in the stock or other markets. Actuarial values smooth out those fluctuations and can allow for more predictable levels of future contributions. Despite the fluctuations, market values tend to show a clearer picture of a plan’s funded status at a given point in time. The asset values in the chart below are market values and are measured on the last day of the Plan Year. The chart also includes the year-end market value of the Plan’s assets for each of the two preceding plan years.

<i>Plan Year</i>	<i>May 1, 2020 - April 30, 2021</i>	<i>May 1, 2019- April 30, 2020</i>	<i>May 1, 2018 - April 30, 2019</i>
Fair Market Value of Assets	\$237,375,751 *	\$325,801,652**	\$427,736,562**

\*Unaudited \*\*Audited

### Endangered, Critical, or Critical and Declining Status

Under federal pension law, a plan generally is in “endangered” status if its funded percentage is less than 80 percent. A plan is in “critical” status if the funded percentage is less than 65 percent (other factors may also apply). A plan is in “critical and declining” status if it is in critical status and is projected to become insolvent (run out of money to pay benefits) within 15 years (or within 20 years if a special rule applies). If a pension plan enters endangered status, the trustees of the plan are required to adopt a funding improvement plan. Similarly, if a pension plan enters critical status or critical and declining status, the trustees of the plan are required to adopt a rehabilitation plan. Funding improvement and rehabilitation plans establish steps and benchmarks for pension plans to improve their funding status over a specified period of time. The plan sponsor of a plan in critical and declining status may apply for approval to amend the plan to reduce current and future payment obligations to participants and beneficiaries.

The Plan was in critical and declining status in the Plan Year ending April 30, 2021 because the Plan: a) is projected to become insolvent (run out of money to pay benefits) within 15 years; and b) because there was an accumulated funding deficiency in the current Plan Year and a projected funding deficiency in each of the following 4 Plan Years, not taking

## **Endangered, Critical, or Critical and Declining Status (continued)**

into account any extension of amortization periods under Internal Revenue Code Section 431(d). Additionally, the normal cost for the 2020 Plan Year plus interest on the unfunded benefit liabilities under the Plan exceed the present value of reasonably anticipated employer contributions for the current Plan Year, and the present value of non-forfeitable inactive participants' benefits was greater than the present value of non-forfeitable active participants' benefits, as of May 1, 2020. The Plan is projected to be insolvent in the May 1, 2022 - April 30, 2023 Plan Year. Such insolvency may result in benefit reductions.

In an effort to improve the Plan's funding situation, the Trustees adopted a Rehabilitation Plan effective on May 1, 2008, and an Amended Rehabilitation Plan effective May 1, 2011 with the intent to forestall the insolvency of the Fund.

Note that the following **Summary of the Amended Rehabilitation Plan** does not include all provisions of the Amended Rehabilitation Plan. The text of the original and Amended Rehabilitation Plans may be found on the Fund's website at: [www.gccibt-npf.org](http://www.gccibt-npf.org) or you may request a copy from the Fund Office. In case of conflict with this summary, the actual Amended Rehabilitation Plan controls. You may also request the actuarial and financial data that demonstrate any action taken by the Trustees toward fiscal improvement by contacting the Fund Office.

### **Amended Rehabilitation Plan Schedules:**

The Amended Rehabilitation Plan includes two schedules, the *Preferred Schedule* and the *Default Schedule*, as follows:

The Preferred Schedule was available for adoption by the bargaining parties before May 1, 2011. This Schedule applies to Employers who timely adopted it and to their Active Employees (as defined in the amended Rehabilitation Plan). It includes the following provisions:

- Early retirement reduction factors were revised to impose a somewhat greater early retirement reduction for retirement before age 65.
- Employer contributions were increased by 5% of current rates. These contribution rate adjustments increased Active Participant accrual rates proportionately.

The Default Schedule applies to all Deferred Vested Participants (as defined in the Amended Rehabilitation Plan) and to Employers (and their Employees) who did not reach an agreement with their local union to adopt the Preferred Schedule in a timely manner. It includes the following provisions:

- A cap on future benefit accrual rates of 1% of currently bargained contributions per year;
- Employer contributions were increased by 20% with no corresponding increase in Active Participant accruals.

As the Plan is in Critical and Declining Status for the Plan Year ending April 30, 2022, separate notification of that status has or will be provided.

## **Participant Information**

The total number of participants and beneficiaries covered by the Plan on the valuation date was 31,715. Of this number, 874 were current employees, 19,589 were retired and receiving benefits, and 11,252 were retired or no longer working for the employer and have a right to future benefits.

## **Funding & Investment Policies**

Every pension plan must have a procedure to establish a funding policy for plan objectives. A funding policy relates to how much money is needed to pay promised benefits. The funding policy of the Plan is that the Board of Trustees establishes Plan benefits based on the level of contributions made to the Plan pursuant to collective bargaining agreements between participating employers and Local Unions and special participation agreements between participating employers and the Plan, and investment earnings thereon.

## Funding & Investment Policies (continued)

Once money is contributed to the Plan, the money is invested by Plan officials called fiduciaries. Specific investments are made in accordance with the Plan’s investment policy. Generally speaking, an investment policy is a written statement that provides the fiduciaries who are responsible for plan investments with guidelines or general instructions concerning various types or categories of investment management decisions. The investment policy of the Plan is to invest and reinvest such funds as are not necessary for current expenditures or liquid reserves, as determined from time-to-time, in such investments as are legal investments under applicable State and Federal law relating to the investment of employee pension trust funds. These investments may include stocks, bonds or other property, real or personal, including improved and unimproved real estate and equity interests in real estate, where such investment appears to the Trustees in their discretion and consistent with their fiduciary obligations, to be in the best interest of the Fund and its Participants and Beneficiaries, judged by then prevailing business conditions and standards. The Trustees select appropriate professionals to invest assets and to assist in prudently measuring and evaluating investment performance on a regular basis.

Under the Plan’s investment policy, the Plan’s assets were allocated among the following categories of investments, as of the end of the Plan Year. These allocations are percentages of total assets:

<u>Asset Allocations</u>	<u>Percentage</u>	<u>Asset Allocations</u>	<u>Percentage</u>
Cash (Interest bearing and non-interest bearing)	0.13%	Value of interest in common/collective trusts	67.75%
U.S. Government securities	0.00%	Value of interest in pooled separate accounts	9.72%
Corporate debt instruments		Value of interest in 103-12 investment entities	0.00%
(other than employer securities):		Value of interest in registered investment	
Preferred	0.00%	companies (e.g., mutual funds)	0.00%
All other	0.00%	Value of funds held in insurance co. general	
Corporate stocks		account (unallocated contracts)	0.00%
(other than employer securities):		Employer-related investments:	
Preferred	0.00%	Employer Securities	0.00%
Common	4.37%	Employer real property	0.00%
Partnership/joint venture interests	5.00%	Buildings and other property used in	
Real estate (other than employer real property)	4.93%	plan operation	0.01%
Loans (other than to participants)	0.00%	Other	8.09%
Participant loans	0.00%	<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>100%</b>

For information about the Plan’s investment in any of the following types of investments as described in the chart above – common/collective trusts, pooled separate accounts, master trust investment accounts, or 103-12 investment entities – contact: Georges N. Smetana, Plan Administrator, GCC/IBT National Pension Fund, 455 Kehoe Blvd., Suite 101, Carol Stream, IL 60188, Phone: (630) 871-7733, E-mail: info@gccibt-npf.org, Website: www.gccibt-npf.org

## Right to Request a Copy of the Annual Report

Pension plans must file annual reports with the US Department of Labor. The report is called the “Form 5500.” These reports contain financial and other information. You may obtain an electronic copy of your Plan’s annual report by going to [www.efast.dol.gov](http://www.efast.dol.gov) and using the search tool. Annual reports are also available from the US Department of Labor, Employee Benefits Security Administration’s Public Disclosure Room at 200 Constitution Avenue, NW, Room N-1513, Washington, DC 20210, or by calling (202) 693-8673. Or you may obtain a copy of the Plan’s annual report by making a written request to the Plan Administrator. Annual reports do not contain personal information, such as the amount of your accrued benefit. You may contact your Plan Administrator if you want information about your accrued benefits. Your Plan Administrator is identified below under “Where To Get More Information.”

## Summary of Rules Governing Insolvent Plans

Federal law has a number of special rules that apply to financially troubled multiemployer plans that become insolvent, either as ongoing plans or plans terminated by mass withdrawal. The plan administrator is required by law to include a summary of these rules in the annual funding notice. A plan is insolvent for a plan year if its available financial resources are not sufficient to pay benefits when due for that plan year. An insolvent plan must reduce benefit payments to the highest level that can be paid from the plan's available resources. If such resources are not enough to pay benefits at the level specified by law (see Benefit Payments Guaranteed by the PBGC, below), the plan must apply to the PBGC for financial assistance. The PBGC will loan the plan the amount necessary to pay benefits at the guaranteed level. Reduced benefits may be restored if the plan's financial condition improves.

A plan that becomes insolvent must provide prompt notice of its status to participants and beneficiaries, contributing employers, labor unions representing participants, and PBGC. In addition, participants and beneficiaries also must receive information regarding whether, and how, their benefits will be reduced or affected, including loss of a lump sum option.

### **Benefit Payments Guaranteed by the PBGC**

The maximum benefit that the PBGC guarantees is set by law. Only benefits that you have earned a right to receive and that cannot be forfeited (called vested benefits) are guaranteed. There are separate insurance programs with different benefit guarantees and other provisions for single-employer plans and multiemployer plans. Your Plan is covered by PBGC's multiemployer program. Specifically, the PBGC guarantees a monthly benefit payment equal to 100 percent of the first \$11 of the Plan's monthly benefit accrual rate, plus 75 percent of the next \$33 of the accrual rate, times each year of credited service. The PBGC's maximum guarantee, therefore, is \$35.75 per month times a participant's years of credited service.

*Example 1:* If a participant with 10 years of credited service has an accrued monthly benefit of \$600, the accrual rate for purposes of determining the PBGC guarantee would be determined by dividing the monthly benefit by the participant's years of service ( $\$600/10$ ), which equals \$60. The guaranteed amount for a \$60 monthly accrual rate is equal to the sum of \$11 plus \$24.75 ( $.75 \times \$33$ ), or \$35.75. Thus, the participant's guaranteed monthly benefit is \$357.50 ( $\$35.75 \times 10$ ).

*Example 2:* If the participant in Example 1 has an accrued monthly benefit of \$200, the accrual rate for purposes of determining the guarantee would be \$20 (or  $\$200/10$ ). The guaranteed amount for a \$20 monthly accrual rate is equal to the sum of \$11 plus \$6.75 ( $.75 \times \$9$ ), or \$17.75. Thus, the participant's guaranteed monthly benefit would be \$177.50 ( $\$17.75 \times 10$ ).

The PBGC guarantees pension benefits payable at normal retirement age and some early retirement benefits. In addition, the PBGC guarantees qualified preretirement survivor benefits (which are preretirement death benefits payable to the surviving spouse of a participant who dies before starting to receive benefit payments). In calculating a person's monthly payment, the PBGC will disregard any benefit increases that were made under a plan within 60 months before the earlier of the plan's termination or insolvency (or benefits that were in effect for less than 60 months at the time of termination or insolvency). Similarly, the PBGC does not guarantee benefits above the normal retirement benefit, disability benefits not in pay status, or non-pension benefits, such as health insurance, life insurance, death benefits, vacation pay, or severance pay.

For additional information about the PBGC and the pension insurance program guarantees, go to the Multiemployer Page on PBGC's website at [www.pbgc.gov/multiemployer](http://www.pbgc.gov/multiemployer). Please contact your employer or plan administrator for specific information about your pension plan or pension benefit. PBGC does not have that information. See "Where to Get More Information About Your Plan," below.

### **Where to Get More Information**

For more information about this notice, you may contact: Georges N. Smetana, Plan Administrator, GCC/IBT National Pension Fund, 455 Kehoe Blvd., Suite 101, Carol Stream, IL 60188, Phone: (630) 871-7733, E-mail: [info@gccibt-npf.org](mailto:info@gccibt-npf.org), Website: [www.gccibt-npf.org](http://www.gccibt-npf.org)

For identification purposes, the official Plan number is 001 and the Plan Sponsor's Employer Identification Number or "EIN" is 52-6118568. For more information about the PBGC and benefit guarantees, go to PBGC's website, [www.pbgc.gov](http://www.pbgc.gov), or call PBGC toll-free at 1-800-400-7242 (TTY /TDD users may call the Federal relay service toll free at 1-800-877-8339 and ask to be connected to 1-800-400-7242).

**NOTICE OF CRITICAL AND DECLINING STATUS FOR 2021  
GRAPHIC COMMUNICATIONS CONFERENCE OF THE INTERNATIONAL BROTHERHOOD  
OF TEAMSTERS NATIONAL PENSION FUND (GCC/IBT-NPF)**

This is to inform you that on July 29, 2021, the Actuary for the Graphic Communications Conference of the International Brotherhood of Teamsters National Pension Fund (“Plan” or “NPF”) certified to the U.S. Department of the Treasury, and also to the NPF’s Plan Sponsor (the NPF’s Board of Trustees), that the NPF is in Critical and Declining Status for the 2021 Plan Year (May 1, 2021 – April 30, 2022). Federal law requires that you receive this Notice. This Notice is for your information. You are not required to respond or take any other action in response to this Notice.

**Critical and Declining Status – 2020 Plan Year**

The Plan is considered to be in Critical and Declining status because it has funding or liquidity problems, or both. More specifically, the Plan’s Actuary determined that the Plan has a current funding deficiency and is likely to be insolvent during the Plan Year ending April 30, 2023.

**For now, the NPF has sufficient assets to meet its monthly benefit obligations.**

For more information on the NPF’s funded status, please see the Plan’s Annual Funding Notice, which is also part of this August 2021 *Pension Communicator*.

**Rehabilitation Plan**

Federal law requires pension plans in Critical Status to adopt a Rehabilitation Plan aimed at restoring the Plan’s financial health.

The NPF has operated under a Rehabilitation Plan for fourteen years. You have been previously advised as to the NPF’s Critical Status on an annual basis starting in September 2007. This is the sixth year that the NPF is in Critical and Declining Status.

**Adjustable Benefits**

As you were previously advised, the law permits pension plans to reduce, or even eliminate, benefits called “adjustable benefits” as part of the Rehabilitation Plan. Depending on the Collective Bargaining Agreement or other agreement under which you worked in 2007 and your status as a person for whom contributions were or were not required to be made to the Plan, you initially were notified of the NPF’s status in September 2007 and that the NPF would be reducing or eliminating certain adjustable benefits. Both the Preferred and Default Schedules of the Rehabilitation Plans required reductions in adjustable benefits including: early retirement benefits, preretirement death benefits and disability benefits. The Schedules also required additional Employer contributions. Independent of these reductions, the NPF’s Supplemental Early Retirement Benefit was also eliminated.

You may obtain copies of the previous communications that discussed changes in adjustable benefits by contacting the Plan Administrator at [info@gccibt-npf.org](mailto:info@gccibt-npf.org) or by writing the Plan Administrator at 455 Kehoe Blvd., Suite 101, Carol Stream, IL 60188.

**Employer Surcharge**

The law requires that all Employers pay to the Plan a surcharge to help correct the NPF’s financial situation, until the Employer’s employees are covered under a Collective Bargaining Agreement (or other similar agreement) that includes terms consistent with the Rehabilitation Plan’s Schedules. For the small number of Employers who did not adopt the Preferred Schedule of the Rehabilitation Plans, surcharges were implemented. The amount of the surcharge is equal to a percentage of the amount an Employer is otherwise required to contribute to the NPF under any applicable Collective Bargaining Agreement that is not consistent with the Rehabilitation Plan’s Schedules. With some exceptions, a 5% surcharge was applicable in the initial Critical Status Plan Year (2008), and a 10% surcharge applied for each succeeding Plan Year thereafter in which the Plan remained in Critical Status.

**Where to Get More Information**

For more information about this Notice, go to the NPF’s website [www.gccibt-npf.org](http://www.gccibt-npf.org). Or, you may contact the Fund Office at the address above, or by email to [info@gccibt-npf.org](mailto:info@gccibt-npf.org). You have a right to receive a copy of the Rehabilitation Plans, including the Schedules, from the NPF. If you would like a copy, go to our website, or contact the Fund Office.

## Notice of Your Right to Receive an Individualized Participant Benefit Statement

This is to notify you that if you worked for a participating employer who was required to make contributions into the Fund on your behalf in the last calendar year, you may request and receive an individualized Participant Benefit Statement from the Fund. The Statement sets forth the amount of wages reported by a participating employer, the participant's accrued benefit at age 65, and whether or not the participant is vested (and if not, when vesting will occur). Please be sure to distinguish your request for a Participant Benefit Statement from a benefit estimate request. Benefit estimates set forth a hypothetical projection of a participant's accrued benefit from age 55 to 65 and can be requested once a year.

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**GCC/IBT-NPF**  
**455 Kehoe Boulevard, Suite 101**  
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RETURN SERVICE REQUESTED  

This issue of the *Pension Communicator* contains the Fund's Annual Funding Notice for the Plan Year Beginning May 1, 2020; and the Critical and Declining Status Notice for 2021.

**PLEASE READ**



**IMPORTANT**

**This issue of the Pension Communicator contains the latest information regarding the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 (ARPA) and how it will provide pension plan funding relief for the GCC/IBT National Pension Fund**